

Revolutionising the management of virtualized mobile networks via AI-driven traffic insights

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The image shows the Venus de Milo statue in a museum gallery. The statue is a white marble female figure with a missing head and arms, standing against a wall of large, brown and white marble tiles. In the foreground, a large crowd of tourists is gathered, many holding up their smartphones to take photos of the statue. The scene is dimly lit, with the primary light source coming from the gallery's spotlights, creating a dramatic effect. A semi-transparent dark box with white text is overlaid on the right side of the image.

**>100 Exabytes of
mobile traffic per
month globally**





남세로
Namsae-ro

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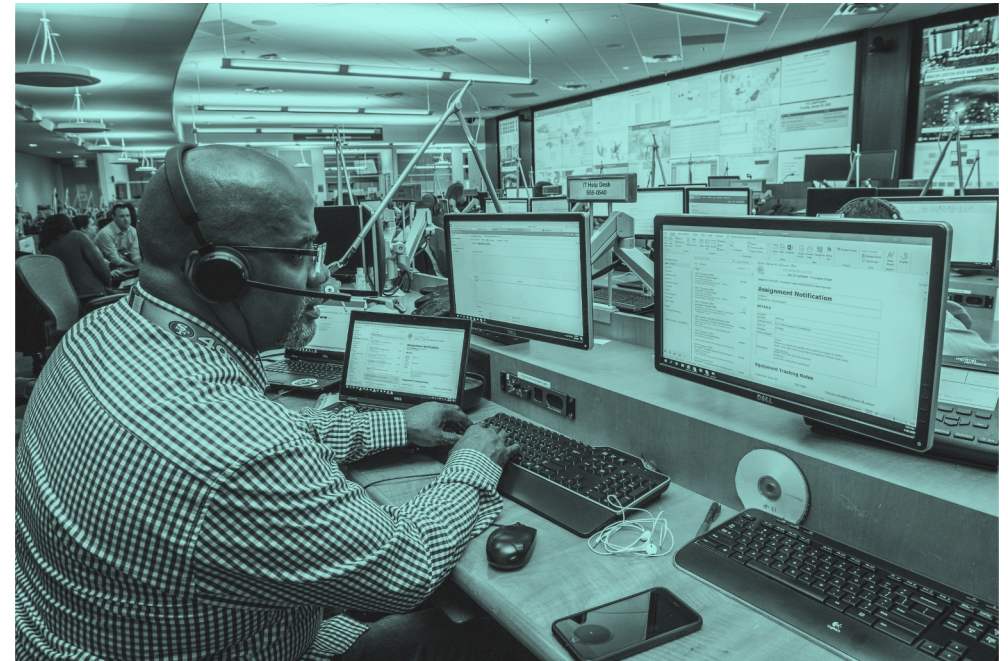
Problem

Mobile networks are increasingly complex, hard to manage, and their performance sucks.

Poor RoI: operating costs amount to 65.3% of revenues. Infrastructure managed based on information that is too-late to be useful.

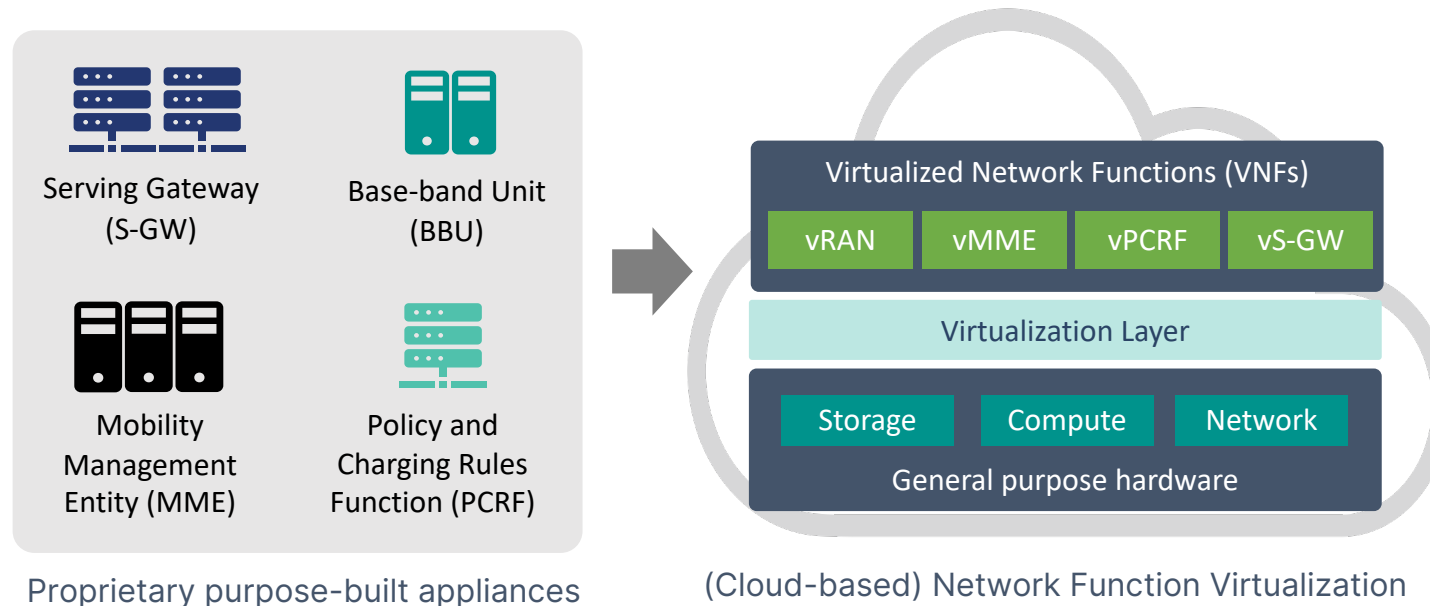
Poor customer experience: monitoring using dashboards and anomaly detection is not sensitive enough.

No reliable real-time insights: Forecasting based on simple models that are inaccurate and do not scale.



Transition

Network virtualization enables mobile network operators to switch from expensive custom hardware to **software-intensive** architectures.



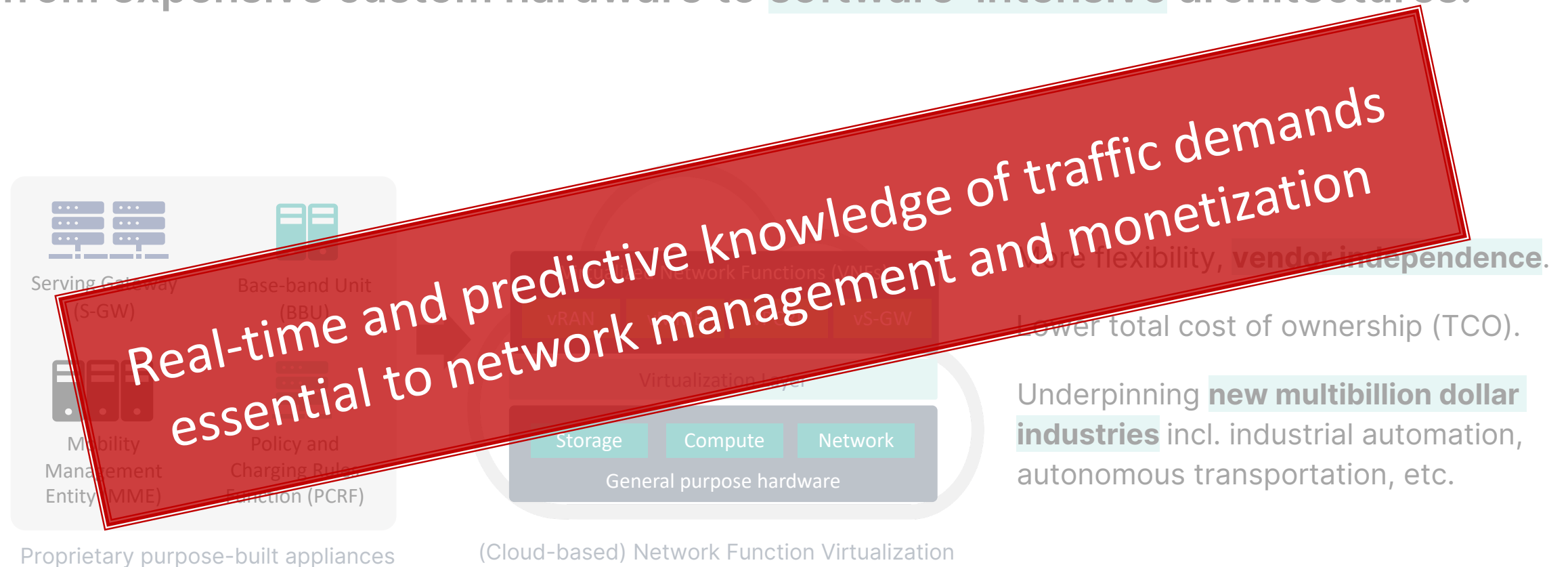
More flexibility, **vendor independence**.

Lower total cost of ownership (TCO).

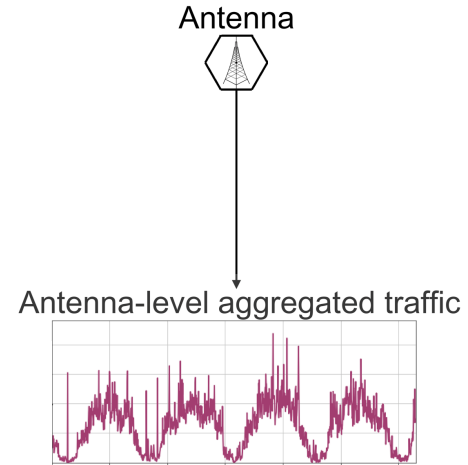
Underpinning **new multibillion dollar industries** incl. industrial automation, autonomous transportation, etc.

Transition

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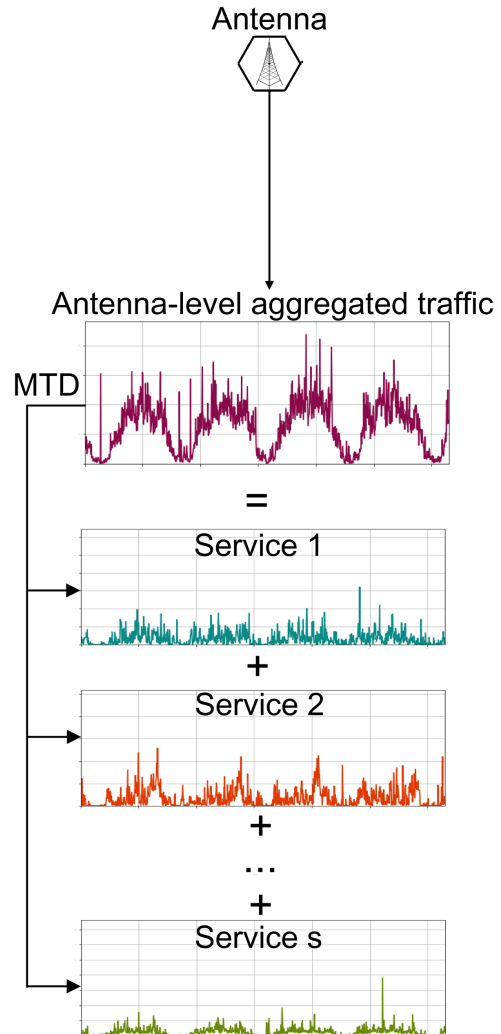
AI-driven mobile traffic decomposition



- Breaking down time series of traffic aggregates into separate time series corresponding to individual services.

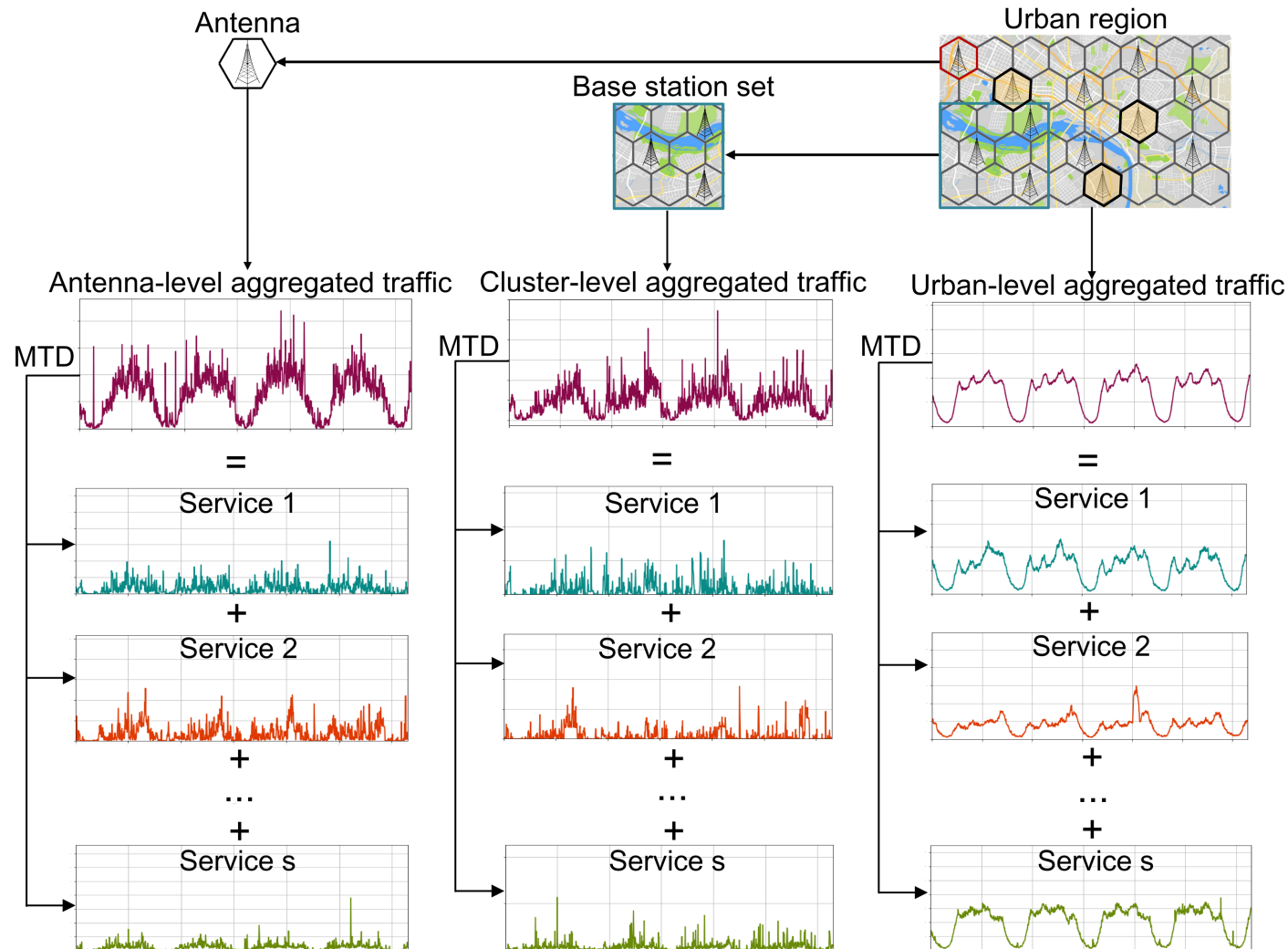
Solution

AI-driven mobile traffic decomposition



- Breaking down time series of traffic aggregates into separate time series corresponding to individual services.
- Operating at various levels, as required by different application scenarios.

AI-driven mobile traffic decomposition



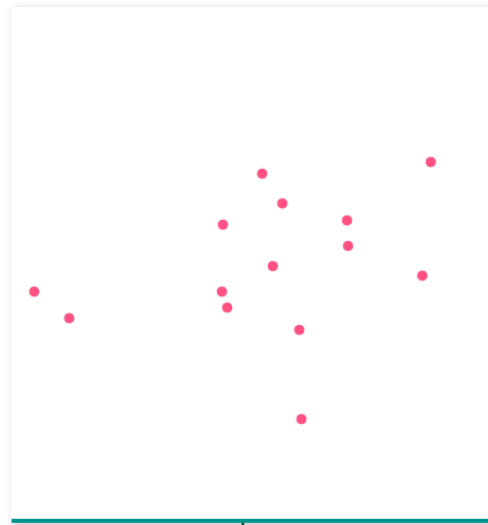
- Breaking down time series of traffic aggregates into separate time series corresponding to individual services.
- Operating at various levels, as required by different application scenarios.
- Exploiting spatiotemporal correlations characteristic to mobile network traffic.

C. Zhang, M. Fiore, C. Ziemlicki, and P. Patras, "Microscope: Mobile Service Traffic Decomposition for Network Slicing as a Service", ACM MobiCom, Sept. 2020.

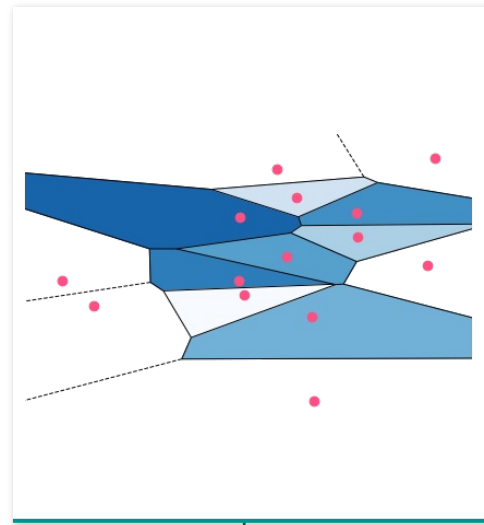
NetSibulla

Uncertainty- and capacity-aware traffic forecasting

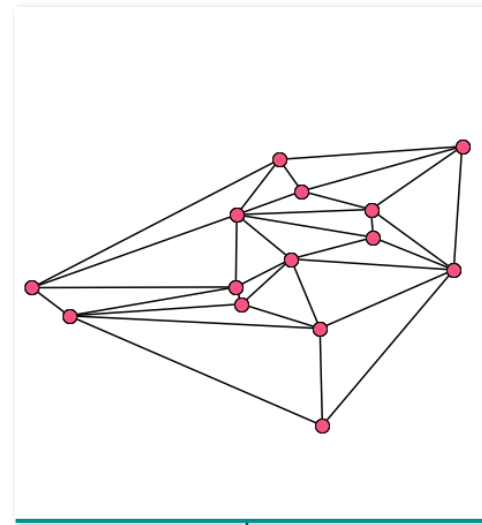
Geolocation-preserving representation



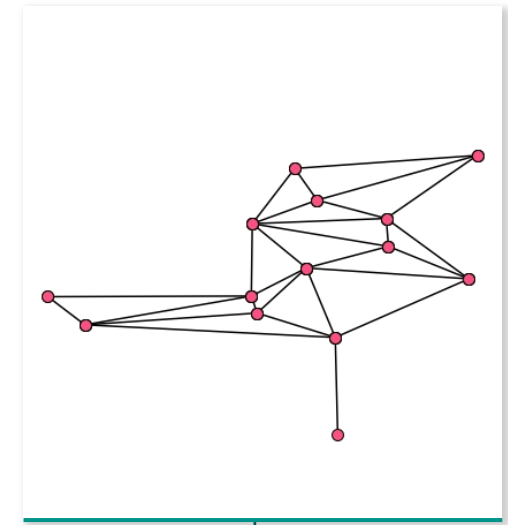
Point-cloud
Abstraction



Coverage Area
Separation (Voronoi)

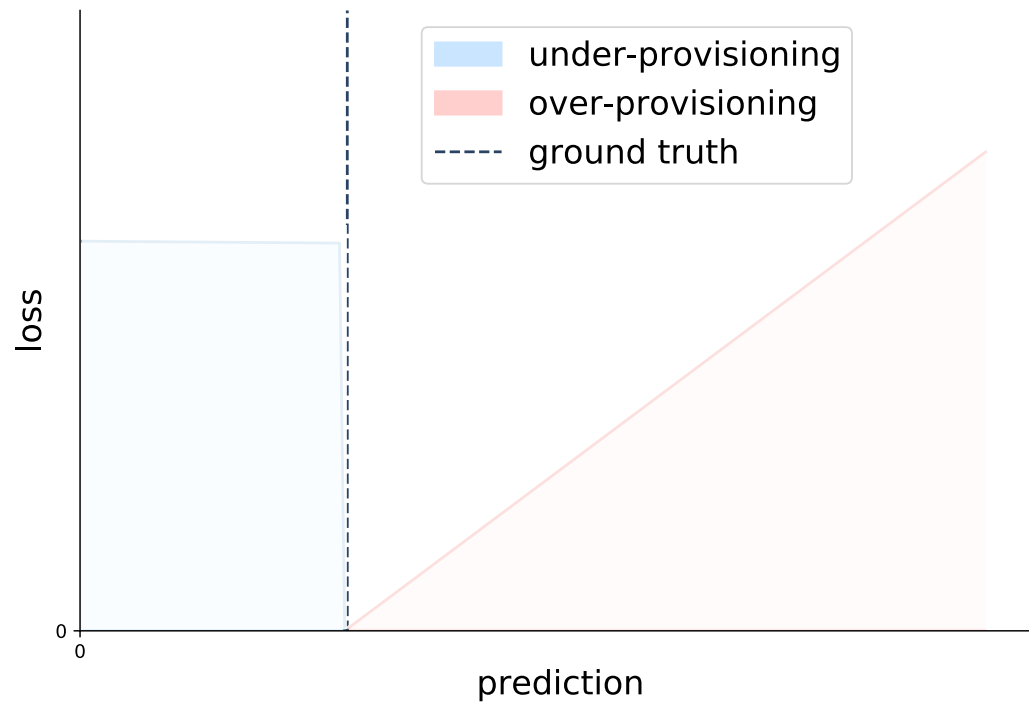


Graph Generation



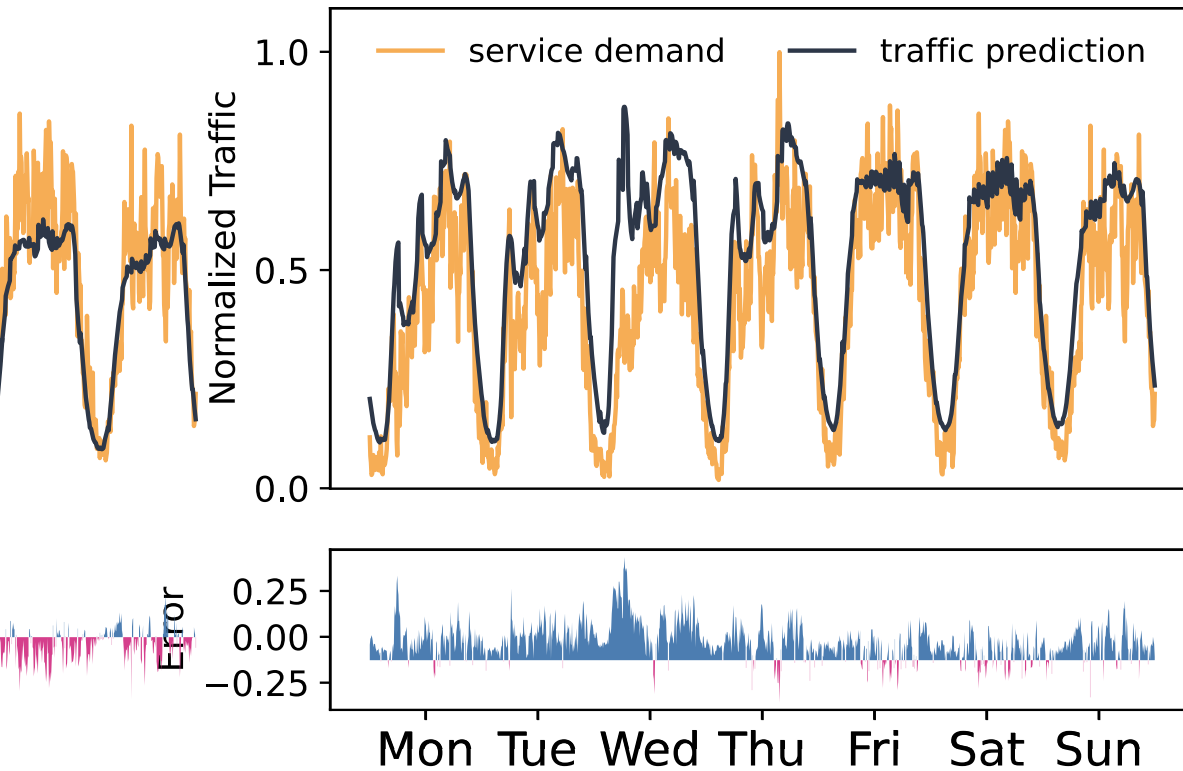
Trimming edges

Dedicated training objective: Operator monetary cost



- Under-provisioning causes Service Level Agreement (SLA) violation and fixed monetary penalty for mobile operator
- Over-provisioning results in redundant allocation of resources

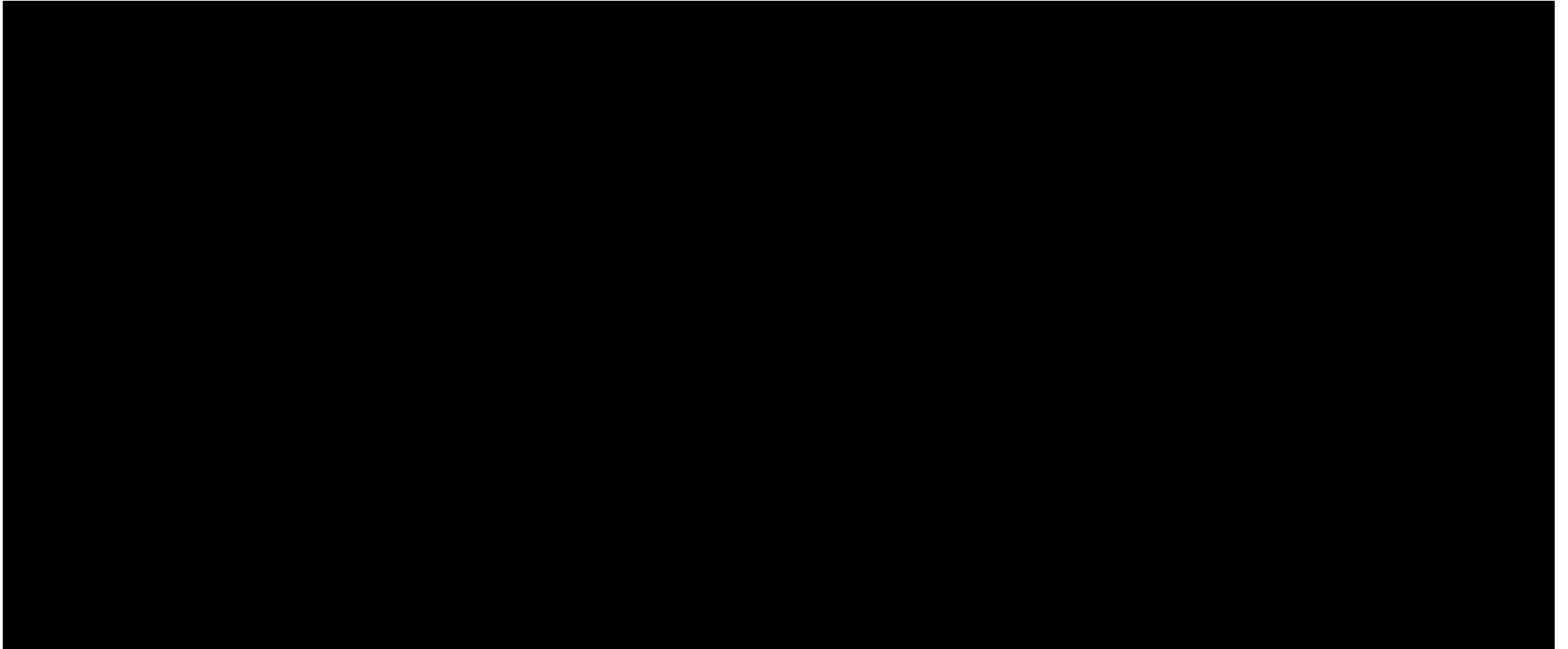
Traffic prediction



One neural model for an entire city-scale deployment:

Orders of magnitude fewer parameters to train than with LSTMs

Automating the allocation of compute resources



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